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acquired or held for highway purposes

SECTION 86. 80.32 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 66.1005 (1) and amended to read:

66.1005 (1) When any highway shall be or public ground is discontinued the same, the land where the highway or public ground is located shall belong to the owner or owners of the adjoining lands; if it shall be. If the highway or public ground is located between the lands of different owners, it shall be annexed to the lots to which it originally belonged if that can be ascertained; if not it. If the lots to which the land originally belonged cannot be ascertained, the land shall be equally divided between the owners of the lands on each side thereof of the highway or public ground.

MOTE: "Public ground" seems rather broad. Would "public ground acquired or held for highway purposes" be consistent with the intent of the committees changes?

SECTION 87. 80.32 (4) (a) (intro.) of the statutes is renumbered 66.1005 (2) (a) (intro.) and amended to read:

66.1005 (2) (a) (intro.) Whenever any public highway or public ground has been vacated or discontinued, any all easements and rights incidental thereto acquired by or belonging to the easements that belong to any county, school district, town, village or, city or to any, utility, or person and relating that relate to any underground or overground structures, improvements, or services and all rights of entrance, maintenance, construction, and repair of the structures, improvements, or services shall continue, unless one of the following applies:

SECTION 88. 80.32 (4) (a) 1. and 2. of the statutes are renumbered 66.1005 (2) (a) 1. and 2.

SECTION 89. 80.32 (4) (b) of the statutes is renumbered 66.1005 (2) (b).

SECTION 90. 80.32 (4) (c) of the statutes is renumbered 66.1005 (2) (c) and amended to read:

66.1005 (2) (c) Damages for the discontinuance of the easements and rights
described in par. (a) shall be assessed against the land benefited in the proceedings
for assessment of damages or benefits upon the vacation or discontinuance of the
public highway or public ground. The Unless the parties agree on a different amount,
the amount of the damages shall be the present value of the property to be removed
or abandoned, plus the cost of removal, less the salvage value of the removed or
abandoned property, or any other amount that may be agreed upon between the
interested parties. The owner of the easements and incidental rights, upon
application to the treasurer and upon furnishing satisfactory proof, shall be entitled
to any payments of or upon the assessment of damages.

SECTION 91. 80.32 (4) (d) of the statutes is renumbered 66.1005 (2) (d).

Note: Section 66.1006 is based on current s. 80.32(2) and (4). No substantive

SECTION 92. 80.32 (5) of the statutes is renumbered 82.19 (2) (c) and amended to read:

82.19 (2) (c) Subsection (2) This subsection does not apply to state or county trunk highways or to any highway, street, alley, or right—of—way that provides public access to a navigable lake or stream.

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Note: Section 82.19 (2) is based on current s. 80.32 (2). The special committee had lengthy discussions about what to do with current s. 80.32 (2). The special committee finally decided to retain the provision, but to modify it so that it is limited to vehicular travel. The intent is to exclude the use of a road for hiking or berry picking as a means of keeping a highway open.

SECTION 93. 80.33 of the statutes is renumbered 82.17 and amended to read:

82.17 Highway papers, where filed. All applications, orders, awards, bonds, and other papers relating to the laying out, altering, widening or discontinuing of highways under this chapter shall be promptly filed in the office of

1	the town, city, or village clerk where the highway is located, except as otherwise
2	specifically provided in this chapter.
>	Note: Section 82.17 is based on current Sec. Currently, under ch. 80, orders must be filed with the town, city, or village clerk. This bill requires orders to be filed with the register of deeds. New s. 82.17 is intended to cover all documents other than the highway order.
3	Section 94. 80.34 (title) of the statutes is renumbered 82.16 (title).
4	Section 95. 80.34 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 82.16 (1) and amended to
5	read:
6	82.16 (1) Every order of the supervisors or the supervisors and commissioners
7	or of the county board or a committee thereof laying out, widening, altering, or
8	discontinuing any a highway, or under this chapter, and any order restoring the
9	records thereof, and the order of any commissioners reversing or affirming the same
10	on appeal, and the record or certified copy thereof record of a highway, shall be
11	presumptive evidence of the facts therein stated and of the regularity of all the
12	proceedings prior to the making of such the order.
13	Section 96. 80.34 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 82.16 (2) and amended to
14	read

82.16 (2) The validity of any such an order described in sub. (1), if fair on its face shall, is not be open to collateral attack, but may be tested by certiorari or other proper action or proceeding brought directly for that purpose if commenced within the time after the order is made provided by s. 893.73 (2) challenged in an action brought under s. 82.15.

NOTE: Section 22.16 (B) and (B) are based on carrent \$30.34. Current s. 80.34 provides a time frame for challenging an order that is different from current s. 80.17. In this bill, the time frame under current s. 80.34 has been eliminated.

New sub. (3) is based on the last sentence of current's 80.07. No substantive

SECTION 97. 80.35 of the statutes is repealed.

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Section 98. 80.37 of the statutes is renumbered 82.33 and amended to read: 82.33 Lost records; how restored; effect. (1) Whenever the record of the laying out of any highway is has been lost or destroyed, the supervisors board of the town in which the highway is located, upon notice being served on all interested parties in accordance with s. 80.05 82.10 (4), may make a new record of the highway. The notice shall fix state the time when and the place where the supervisors board will decide upon making whether to make the new record. The notice shall specify as near as may be contain a legal description of the highway for which the proposed record will be made and a scale map of the land that would be affected. Notice need not be given to persons who waive the notice or consent to the making issuance of the order either before or after it is entered.

hear any arguments or evidence that may be offered for or against At the time and place stated in the notice, the town board shall hold a public hearing regarding the proposed new record, and shall make a new record as they consider it considers proper. The supervisors may adjourn from time to time, and an entry of each adjournment shall be made in the record by the town clerk. If the supervisors find board finds that the highway is a legal highway, the record of which is has been lost or destroyed, they the board shall make issue a written order stating those facts and specifying the course, width, and other pertinent description of the highway. The order shall be filed and recorded in the office of with the town clerk, who shall note the time of recording the order in the record and recorded in the office of the register of deeds for the county in which the highway is located. Any number of highways may be included in one notice or order under this section. A failure or refusal to make a

new record for any highway does not preclude a subsequent proceeding for that purpose.

(3) Any person through whose land a highway described in an order entered filed under sub. (2) passes may appeal from the order under s. 82.15 on the ground grounds that the highway described in the order was not a legal highway in fact. The appeal shall be made in the time and manner provided for appealing from orders laying out highways, and proceedings shall be had on the appeal as in case of appeals from orders laying out highways. No person may call into question the regularity of proceedings under this section except owners of land on whom notice should have been served but in fact was not and persons claiming under those owners.

Note: Section 1333 shared on currents of the notice and who must be served with notice have been changed to be consistent with the rest of the new ch. 82. Current s. 80.37 requires that the notice specify the highway "as near as may be" and that the notice be served on all interested parties. New s. 82.33 requires the notice to contain a legal description and scale map. In addition, the notice must be served on the parties specified in new s. 82.10 (4).

SECTION 99. 80.38 to 80.40 of the statutes are repealed.

SECTION 100. 80.41 of the statutes is renumbered 66.1006 and amended to read:

resources approval of discontinuance. No resolution, ordinance, order, or similar action of any a town board or county board, or of a committee thereof of a town board or county board, discontinuing any highway, street, alley, or right-of-way that provides public access to any navigable lake or stream shall be effective until such resolution, ordinance, order, or similar action is approved by the department of natural resources.

NOTE: New's. 66.1060 s based or current at the special committee decided this provision was more appropriately placed in ch. 66.

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SECTION 101. 80.47 of the statutes is renumbered 66.1035 and amended to read:

66.1035 Rights of abutting owners. The owners of land abutting on any highway, street, or alley shall have a common right in the free and unobstructed use thereof to its of the full width, and no of the highway, street, or alley. No town, village, city, county, company, or corporation shall close up, use, or obstruct any part of the highway, street, or alley so as to materially interfere with its usefulness as a highway or so as to damage abutting property abutting thereon, or permit the same to be done, without due just compensation being made for any resulting damage resulting therefrom to the owners of land upon either side of such highway, street or alley. This section does not impose liability for damages to property on both sides of any street, highway or alley arising from the use, maintenance, and operation of tracks or other public improvement legally laid down, built, or established in any street, highway, or alley prior to April 7, 1889. All rights of in property which would that could entitle the owners an owner to damages for injury thereto under the foregoing provisions this section may be condemned and permanently appropriated by any corporation authorized to use or obstruct any highway, street or alley that is listed in s. 32.02 in the same manner that other property may be condemned and appropriated by such by the corporation.

NOTE: No substantive change is intended. The special committee decided it was more appropriately placed in ch. 66.

SECTION 102. 80.48 of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 103. 80.64 of the statutes is renumbered 66.1031, and 66.1031 (1), (2) and (3) (intro.) and (b), as renumbered, are amended to read:

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of 66.1031 (1) With the approval of the governing body of the municipality a city, village, or town in which a street or highway or part thereof of a street or highway is located, the county board, to promote the general welfare, may establish street and highway widths in excess of the widths in use and adopt plans showing the location and width proposed for any future street or highway, which shall not be subject to s. 80.32 82.19 (2). Streets or highways or plans therefor for streets or highways established or adopted under this section shall be shown on a map showing present and proposed street or highway lines and, except in counties having a population of 500,000 or more, property lines and owners. The map shall be recorded in the office of the register of deeds. Notice of the recording shall be published as a class 1 notice, under ch. 985, in the territory any city, village, or town in which the affected streets or highways are located. The notice shall briefly set forth the action of the county board. The county board, upon like approval, publication and notice, may from time to time supplement or change the same, and such supplements or changes shall be similarly recorded in the office of the register of deeds.

(2) The excess width for streets or highways in use for the right-of-way required for those planned, may be acquired at any time either in whole or in part by the state or, county or municipality, city, village, or town in which located; but no part shall be acquired in less than the full extent, in width, of the excess width to be made up of land on the same side of the street or highway, nor for less than the full length of such excess width lying within contiguous land owned by the same owner. Any land so acquired, whether the excess width is acquired for the full length of the street or highway or not, shall at once become available for highway purposes. The power to acquire such right-of-way or additional width in portions as provided herein in this section may be exercised to acquire the land on advantageous terms.

(3) (intro.) In counties containing a population of 500,000 or more if,
subsequent to the establishment of widths on streets or highways by a county board
with the approval of the governing body of the municipality in which the streets or
highways lie under sub. (2), in conformity with this section or s. 59.69, any area
embracing a street or highway upon which a width has been established under this
section is annexed to a city or village or becomes a city or village by incorporation,
the city or village shall thereafter adhere to the established width, and shall not,
subsequent to any annexation or incorporation, except with the approval of the
county board, do any of the following:
(b) Permit or sanction any construction or development which that will
interfere with, prevent, or jeopardize the obtaining of the necessary right-of-way to
such established width.
Note: Section 66-1031 is based an entremt at 80.64. No substantive change is intended, however, the special committee decided this provision was more appropriately placed in ch. 66.
SECTION 104. 80.65 of the statutes is repealed.
SECTION 105. Chapter 81 (title) of the statutes is repealed.
SECTION 106. 81.01 (title) of the statutes is renumbered 82.03 (title) and
amended to read:
82.03 (title) Highways; duties Duties of town board.
SECTION 107. 81.01 (intro.) and (1) of the statutes are consolidated,
renumbered 82.03 (1) (a) and amended to read:
82.03 (1) (a) The town board shall have the care and supervision of all highways
in the town, except as otherwise provided under the town's jurisdiction, including the
highways specified in s. 83.06. The town board shall: (1) Appoint may appoint in

writing if it deems advisable a superintendent of highways to supervise, under the

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board's direction of the board, the construction and, repair of said, and maintenance
of the highways and bridges and fix the compensation and the amount of the bond
of such superintendent under the town's jurisdiction. Where no superintendent of
highways is appointed, it shall be the duty of the town board to perform all of the
duties that are prescribed by law for the superintendent of highways to perform.

Section 108. 81.01 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 82.03 (1) (d) and amended to read:

82.03 (1) (d) Provide The town board shall provide the superintendent of highways with necessary forms and books made in compliance with standards prescribed by the department of transportation.

SECTION 109. 81.01 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 82.03 (2), and 82.03 (2) (intro.) and (b), as renumbered, are amended to read:

82.03 (2) Funding and Equipment. (intro.) Provide The town board shall provide machinery, implements, material, and equipment needed to construct, maintain, and repair said the highways and bridges under the town's jurisdiction, and for that purpose those purposes may acquire by purchase or by condemnation in the manner provided by under ch. 32 stone, gravel, sand, clay, earth, gravel pits and, stone quarries, but the and interests in land under s. 83.07. The total sum spent under this subsection in any year for construction, maintenance, and repair of highways and bridges may not exceed the product of \$5,000 multiplied by the miles of highway under the jurisdiction of the town measured by the most recent highway mileage for the town, as determined under s. 86.302, unless one of the following occurs:

(b) The town board, by resolution, submits to the electors of the town as a referendum at a general or special town election the question of exceeding the limit

1	set under this subsection. A copy of the resolution shall be filed as provided in s. 8.37.
2	The board shall abide by the majority vote of the electors of the town on the question.
3	The question shall read as follows:
4	Shall the town of spend up to \$ over, which is the annual limit of the
5	product of \$5,000 multiplied by the miles of highway under the jurisdiction of the
6	town measured by the most recent highway mileage for the town, as determined
7	under section 86.302 of the Wisconsin Statutes, for the construction, maintenance,
8	and repair of its highways and bridges?
9	FOR SPENDING AGAINST SPENDING NOTE: \(\lambda \)
10	SECTION 110. 81.01 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 82.03 (3) and amended
11	to read:
12	82.03 (3) OVERSIGHT OF SUPERINTENDENT. Compel The town board shall direct
13	the superintendent of highways from time to time to perform in the performance of
14	the superintendent's official duties.
15	SECTION 111. 81.01 (5), (6), (7) and (9) of the statutes are repealed.
16	SECTION 112. 81.01 (8) of the statutes is renumbered 82.03 (4) and amended
17	to read:
18	82.03 (4) Control of expenditures. Direct The town board shall direct when
19	and where all town moneys received from highway taxes and other available
20	highway funds shall be expended.
21	SECTION 113. 81.01 (10) of the statutes is renumbered 82.03 (5) (b) (intro) and
22	amended to read:
23	82.03 (5) (b) (intro.) Enter The town supervisors may enter any private lands
24	with their employees and agents for the following purposes of removing:

1	1. To remove weeds and brush and of erecting or removing such to keep the
2	highway reasonably safe for travel.
3	2. To erect or remove snow fences as may be necessary to keep highways
4	reasonably free from snow and open for travel during the winter season. NOTE: Nicholas, bhave parsed this subsection to facilitate renumbering and
	amending to capture as much existing text as possible
5	SECTION 114. 81.01 (11) of the statutes is renumbered 82.03 (7) and amended
6	to read:
7	82.03 (7) Highway Names. By The town board shall, by ordinance, assign a
8	name to each of the roads in the town that are under town board the town's
9	jurisdiction. No road name may be used on more than one road within the
10	jurisdiction of the town.
11	SECTION 115. 81.02 (title) of the statutes is repealed.
12	Section 116. 81.02 of the statutes is renumbered 82.03 (1) (b) and amended
13	to read:
14	82.03 (1) (b) The town board may appoint more than one superintendent of
15	highways. If more than one superintendent is appointed, the town board shall divide
16	the town into as many districts as there are superintendents. The districts shall be
17	numbered and a superintendent shall be assigned to each district. The term of office
18	of highway superintendents shall be one year from the date of their appointment.
19	A superintendent of highways may be compensated by a regular salary or by a per
20	diem allowance, to be paid out of the highway fund or out of the general fund of the
21	town. In addition to a salary or per diem compensation the superintendent may be
22	paid out of either of said funds a stated amount for the maintenance and upkeep of
23	a horse or automobile or motor truck. Such superintendent before entering upon the

1	duties of superintendent shall execute an official bond in such sum as the town board
2	shall require, with sureties to be approved by the board, and file said bond with the
3	town clerk A superintendent may be a member of the town board.
4	NOTE:

SECTION 117. 81.03 (title) of the statutes is renumbered 82.05 (title) and amended to read:

82.05 (title) Superintendent of highways; duties.

SECTION 118. 81.03 of the statutes is renumbered 82.05 (2) and amended to read:

82.05 (2) The superintendent of highways shall supervise the construction and maintenance of all highways in the superintendent's district that are required to be maintained by the town, and keep them passable at all times, and perform such other services in connection with said the highways as the town board requires, and keep a full account of all the superintendent's receipts and disbursements. The superintendent may make such arrangement arrange for the prosecution of the highway work as the superintendent deems considers necessary and appoint such supervisors as any overseers that the highway work requires.

(3) When any highway under the superintendent's charge becomes impassable, the superintendent shall put the same highway in passable condition as soon as practicable. The superintendent shall make a complete and full report of all funds received and disbursed by the superintendent whenever requested so to do by the town board, and shall also make a complete and full report to each annual town meeting. The superintendent, and in the superintendent's absence the town board, shall immediately upon notice of its existence fill or remove Upon actual notice of the existence of any depression, ditch, hump, or embankment which that impedes the use of any highway in under the superintendent's district charge, the

- superintendent, or in the absence of a superintendent the chairperson of the town
 board, shall as soon as practicable take action to make the highway safe for travel,
 which may include closing the highway.
 - Note: Section 82.05 is based on currents. 81.03 and on the 4th sentence of current s. 81.03 seemed to contemplate the superintendent having a separate set of accounting books and paying and receiving money. The special committee decided that such a system had the potential for fraud and confusion. Instead, new s. 82.05 (4) simply requires the superintendent to report all actions to the board, and the board can handle making and receiving payments.

In new sub. (3), the language has been changed from "notice" to "actual notice".

SECTION 119. 81.04 of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 120. 81.05 of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 121. 81.06 (title) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 122. 81.06 of the statutes is renumbered 82.03 (5) (a) and amended to read:

82.03 (5) (a) The town board supervisors may enter upon any lands near any highway in the town and there to construct necessary drains or ditches or embankments for the improvement or protection of the highway; and may enter upon any unimproved lands near any highway in the town and take stone, gravel, sand, clay, earth or trees for the purposes of improving any highway, but shall carefully avoid doing any unnecessary injury to the premises; and may take stone, gravel or other suitable materials within the highway of the town to improve any highway therein. No such material shall be removed from any town without the consent of the town board unless the highway on which the same is found is maintained by the county, in which case the county may use the same for any highway purpose.

SECTION 123. 81.07 of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 124. 81.08 (title) of the statutes is renumbered 82.35 (title).

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1	SECTION 125. 81.08 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 82.35 (1) (a) and amended
2	to read:
3	82.35 (1) (a) When any highway shall be is practically impassable or be
4	dangerous to travel or when it shall be deemed.
5	(b) When the town board considers it necessary on account of construction or
6	repair work thereon or for other reasons to suspend travel thereon or upon on a
7	highway or on any part of such a highway, the town board may upon its own motion
8	lay out and open temporary highways for the accommodation of public travel through
9	any lands due to construction, repair, or other reasons.
10	(2) (a) The board may contract in writing with the owner or occupant, or both,
11	$\underline{\text{lessee}}$ of any land through which it proposes to lay out $\underline{\text{such}}$ $\underline{\text{a}}$ temporary $\underline{\text{highways}}$
12	highway, as to the location of the same highway, and the damages that the owner or
13	occupant <u>lessee</u> is to receive, <u>which. The</u> contract shall be filed with the town clerk.
14	(b) In the absence of such a contract under par. (a), the board shall determine
15	by the location of the temporary highway and the award of damages. Unless an
16	emergency exists, the board shall serve the landowner with notice of the location of
17	the highway and the award of damages and shall provide the landowner with 48
18	hours to object. The town board shall file a written order filed with the town clerk
19	both specifying the location of the temporary highway and the damages, and may
20	immediately open such temporary highways. Such highways awarded.
21	(4) A temporary highway shall exist only so long as needed and shall be deemed
22	considered vacated and discontinued when the permanent highway is again opened
23	for public travel.

Section 126. 81.08 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 82.35 (2) (c) and amended to read:

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1	82.35 (2) (c) The owner or occupant of any land occupied by such <u>a</u> temporary
2	highway may, at any time after it is opened and within 30 days after it is so vacated
3	or discontinued, apply to the town board to determine the owner's or occupant's
4	damages; and thereafter the same proceedings may be had as in the case of a claim
5	for damages under s. 81.07.
6	SECTION 127. 81.08 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 82.35 (3) and amended
7	to read:
8	82.35 (3) In case such If a temporary highway is opened in connection with or
9	on account of road and or bridge construction, the damages agreed upon or awarded
10	pursuant to this section may be treated as part of the construction cost and paid out
11	of the construction funds in the customary manner of disbursing the same.
13	Note: Section 2.35 & based oncurrents. 21.08. The special committee was concerned that current law does not satisfy due process. Unless there is an emergency, new s. 82.35 requires notice to the landowner and 48 hours to object.
,12	SECTION 128. 81.11 (title) and (1) to (4) of the statutes are repealed.
lo o_	Note: Section 82.25 is based on current s. 81.11 (5). The language was changed to limit its application to plats in existence on January 1, 2003. Subsections (1) through (4) of current s. 81.11 were deleted because the special committee decided that they were obsolete.
	Current ss. 81.12 and 81.39, 80.30 (2) through (5), and the 2nd-to-last sentence of s. 80.02 were not carried over into this bill. The special committee decided that these provisions were obsolete or better covered by other parts of the statutes.
13	SECTION 129. 81.11 (5) of the statutes is renumbered 82.25 and amended to
14	read:
15	82.25 Highway taxes for limited-use road. The Notwithstanding s. 60.10
16	(1) (a) and (2) (a), the town board, upon its own authority and without direction from

the annual town meeting, may levy and collect a tax on property located in a recorded

and filed plat that existed on January 1, 2003, situated in a town requiring the

approval of such town board, and adjoining a private road used by the public located

therein, and on property adjoining, where the owner regularly uses such road which

is not a portion of any town, county, state, or federal highway system, not exceeding
3 mills for each dollar of assessed valuation thereof. The proceeds of such the tax
shall be expended for the improvement and maintenance of any private roads used
by the public located within $\underline{\text{such}}$ $\underline{\text{the}}$ recorded and filed plat. The town board shall
not expend any of such the funds collected under this section upon a private
driveway.

Section 130. 81.12 of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 131. 81.14 (title) of the statutes is renumbered 66.1029 (title) and amended to read:

66.1029 (title) Highways; refusal of town to open; appeal to county board; cost of opening Appeal of the refusal to open or repair a highway or bridge.

SECTION 132. 81.14 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 66.1029 (1) (a) and amended to read:

66.1029 (1) (a) If any town, or towns in case of a town line highway, either by the proper officers, or by a majority vote of the electors voting on such question, refuse, fail or neglect to city, village, or town does not open and put in reasonable condition for travel a highway, within one year from the date when it on which the highway was laid out, or refuse, fail or neglect to does not repair any highway or build or repair any a bridge thereon, in such town or towns, any on a highway, 15 freeholders thereof of the city, village, or town may appeal to the county board of the county in which the highway or bridge is situated located, by notice in writing served on the chairperson or chairpersons county clerk, with copies delivered to the clerk of the city, village, or town or towns.

- (b) For the purpose of this section all, highways on city, village, or town lines, which shall that have been apportioned between the respective cities, villages, or towns shall be considered as wholly within the city, village, or town to which such the part of said the highway or bridge is apportioned. In case of town highways which are upon If a highway is on county lines and which have has not been apportioned for the purpose of maintenance authority and responsibility, the appeal may be made to the county board of either county. When it is appealed to,
- (c) Upon receipt of an appeal, the county board shall, at the next regular meeting, either by a majority of its members or by a committee of not less than 3, examine such highway or bridge, and if they determine that it ought to be put in reasonable condition for travel or ought to be repaired,. If it determines that the appeal should be granted, the county board shall thereupon appropriate therefor sufficient funds to defray the estimated cost of opening or repairing the highway or building or repairing the bridge, and the chairperson of the county board shall cause the highway to be opened and put in reasonable condition for travel or cause the bridge to be repaired or built, and shall keep an accurate account of the expense thereof, and such. The expense, when audited and allowed by the county board, shall be charged to the town and affected cities, villages, or towns in amounts and proportions that the county board shall determine and shall be added to the next county tax apportioned therete and collected therewith.

SECTION 133. 81.14 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 66.1029 (2) and amended to read:

66.1029 (2) If any county fails to aid in putting create an established plan, agreed to by the city, village, or town, to put any county line highway in reasonable condition for travel any county line highway, the adjoining county may, after not less

than 20 30 days' notice in writing given to the county clerk of such the other county, put such the highway in reasonable condition for travel and keep an accurate account of the expense thereof.—Such. The expense, when audited and allowed by the county board, shall be prorated and charged to the county whose duty it is to keep the highway in condition for travel. Such county may then charge the expense to the affected city, village, or town whose duty it is to keep the highway in repair and add it to the next county tax, apportion it thereto and collect it therewith apportioned and collected.

SECTION 134. 81.14 (3) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 135. 81.14 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 66.1029 (3) and amended to read:

between cities, villages, or towns for the purpose of maintenance, and where authority and responsibility, an appeal may be taken to the county board of any county bounded by said the highway, the. The expense incurred in opening and putting in reasonable condition for travel such highway, or in repairing it the highway, or in building or repairing any bridge thereon on the highway, shall be paid primarily by the county to which the appeal is taken, and by said county apportioned. The county to which the appeal is taken shall apportion the expense among all of the counties which that are bounded in whole or in part by such the highway, and the proportionate share of such costs and expense shall be paid by the other counties. The other counties shall pay their apportioned share to the county to which the appeal is taken, upon presentation receipt of a proper claim therefor, and when such. When the expense has been paid by the counties liable therefor it shall be charged by the respective counties to their proper towns and added, the counties shall charge

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- their affected cities, villages, or towns and add the charge to the next county tax apportioned to such the cities, villages, or towns and collected therewith.
 - NOTE: Section 66-1629 is based or eugents. Under current s. 81.14, the county's oversight is only over towns. This section expands the county's oversight to cities and villages. Since the county is given the same oversight over cities and villages, the section has been moved to ch. 66.

New s. 66.1029 changes where the application must be delivered. Under current s. 81.14, an appeal is begun by serving notice on the chairperson of town or towns. Since the appeal is to the county, the special committee decided that it would be more appropriate to serve the notice on the county. Thus, new s. 66.1029 requires service on the county clerk and copies to be delivered to the towns.

Current s. 81.14 (3) was deleted. That subsection concerned highways that were laid out by commissioners reversing the decision of the supervisors. The provisions for commissioners reversing supervisors was eliminated in 1995 Wisconsin Act 186.

In new sub. (2), the language about a county failing to aid in putting the highway in reasonable condition was changed to require a plan to put the highway in reasonable condition that is agreed to by the town or village. In addition, new sub. (2) was modified to require 30 rather than 20 days' notice.

SECTION 136. 81.15 of the statutes is renumbered 893.83 (1) and amended to read:

MUNICIPALITY. If damages happen to any person or his or her property by reason of the insufficiency or want of repairs of any highway which that any town, city, or village is bound to keep in repair, the person sustaining the damages has a right to recover the damages from the town, city, or village. If the damages happen by reason of the insufficiency or want of repairs of a highway which that any county by law or by agreement with any town, city, or village is bound to keep in repair, or which that occupies any land owned and controlled by the county, the county is liable for the damages and the claim for damages shall be against the county. If the damages happen by reason of the insufficiency or want of repairs of a bridge erected or maintained at the expense of 2 or more towns, cities, villages, or counties, the action shall be brought against all of the towns, cities, villages, or counties that are liable for the repairs of the bridge and upon. Upon recovery of judgment, the damages and

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costs shall be paid by the towns, cities, villages, or counties in the proportion in which they are liable for the repairs; and the. The court may direct the judgment to be collected from each town, city, village, or county for its proportion only. The amount recoverable by any person for any damages so sustained shall not exceed \$50,000. The procedures under s. 893.80 shall apply to the commencement of actions brought under this section subsection. No action may be maintained to recover damages for injuries sustained by reason of an accumulation of snow or ice upon any bridge or highway, unless the accumulation existed for 3 weeks.

SECTION 137. 81.17 of the statutes is renumbered 893.83 (2) and amended to read:

893.83 (2) Highway defects; liability of wrongdoer; procedure. Whenever damages happen to any person or property by reason of any defect in any highway or other public ground, or from any other cause for which any town, city, village, or county would be liable, and such damages are caused by, or arise from, the wrong, default, or negligence thereof and of any person, or private corporation, such person or private corporation shall be primarily liable therefor; but the. The town, city, village, or county may be sued with the person or private corporation so primarily liable. If the town, city, village, or county denies its primary liability and proves upon whom such liability rests, the judgment shall be against all of the defendants shown by the verdict or finding to be liable for the damages; but judgment. Judgment against the town, city, village, or county shall not be enforceable until execution has been issued against the party found to be primarily liable and returned unsatisfied in whole or in part; on. On such return being made, the defendant town, city, village, or county shall be bound by the judgment. The unpaid balance shall be collected in the same way as other judgments.

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Note: Section 893.83 is based on current ss. 81.15 and 81.17. The special committee decided it was more appropriately placed in ch. 893. Though some of the language has been modified to make it more current, no substantive change is intended.

SECTION 138. 81.35 of the statutes is renumbered 82.37 and amended to read:

82.37 Tunnel under highway by landowner. The owner of land on both sides of a town highway may construct a tunnel under the highway, and the necessary may erect fences for the passage of stock, and other purposes, in such manner as will that are necessary for the use of the tunnel. The tunnel shall not interfere with or endanger travel on the highway. The tunnel shall not be less than 25 feet in length and shall be maintained by the owner. The owner shall maintain the tunnel and shall be liable for all damages which may be occasioned by that occur as a result of the failure to keep the tunnel in repair. Unless authorized by a town meeting, the tunnel shall not be less than 25 feet in length. The electors of the town at an annual town meeting may authorize the construction of any designated a tunnel not less than that is less than 25 feet, but at least 16 feet in length. The chairperson of the town shall see that all tunnels in the town are made in accordance with this section and that they are kept in good repair.

Note: Section 82-41 is based on all but the last sentence of current s. 81-35. No

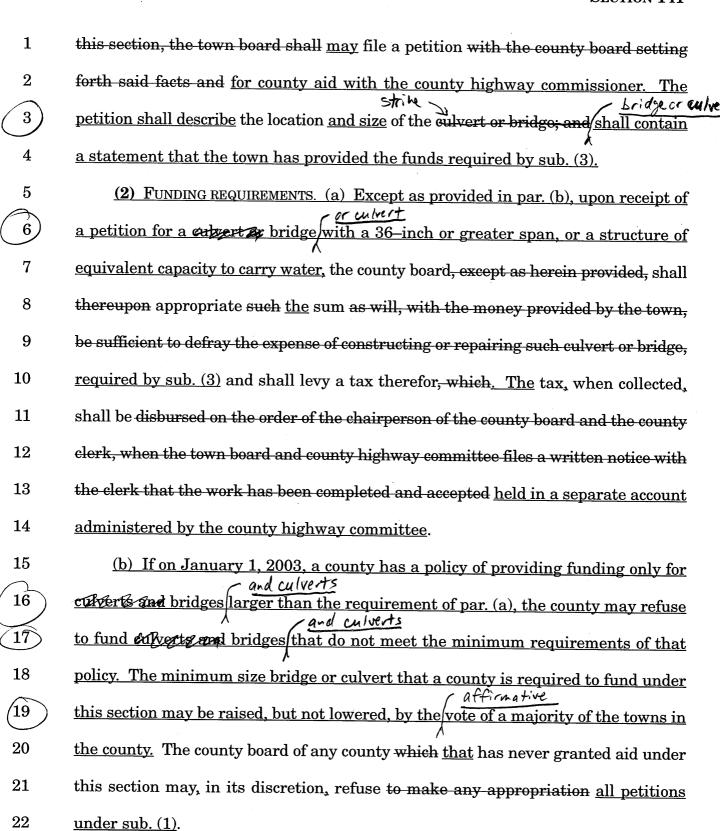
****NOTE: Nicholas, Do you want any cross-references between se 60.24 (3) (p) and 82.03 (19), which derive from s. \$2.37 and are very similar?

Section 139. 81.36 of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 140. 81.38 (title) of the statutes is renumbered 82.08 (title).

SECTION 141. 81.38 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 82.08 (1) and amended to read:

82.08 (1) PETITIONS. When any A town that has voted to construct or repair any culvert culvert or bridge on a highway maintainable maintained by the town, and has provided for such portion of the cost of such construction or repair as is required by



NOTE: Nicholas, under created s. 82.08 (2) (a), in the first line, should it be this

from 61-11

subsection or par (b)?

1	SECTION 142. 81.38 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 82.08 (3) and amended
2	to read:
3	82.08 (3) Shared cost. The county shall pay the cost in excess of \$750 up to
4	\$1,500. The town and county shall each pay one-half of the cost of construction or
5	repair above \$1,500. In determining the cost of construction or repair of any culvert
6	or bridge, the cost of constructing or repairing any approach not exceeding 100 feet
ر نور	in length shall be included.
8	SECTION 143. 81.38 (3) of the statutes is renumbered 82.08 (4) and amended
9	to read:
10	82.08 (4) EMERGENCY PETITION. Whenever the construction or repair of any such
$\widehat{11}$	eulvert or bridge must be made without delay, the town board may file its petition
12	with the county clerk and the county highway committee, setting forth the facts
13	respecting explaining the necessity for immediate construction or repairs. It shall
14	then be the duty of the town board and the county highway committee to $\frac{1}{2}$
15	construction or repairs with the least possible delay. The town board is authorized
16	to borrow the entire cost of the work, and to include the town's share of such cost in
$\widehat{17}$	the next tax levy construct or repair the convertor bridge as soon as practicable. The
18	construction or repair of a culvert or bridge performed and accepted undertaken
19	pursuant to this subsection shall entitle the town to the same county aid that the
20	town would have been entitled to had it filed its petition with the county board as
21	provided in sub. (1).
22	SECTION 144. 81.38 (4) of the statutes is renumbered 82.08 (5) and amended
23	to read:
24	82.08 (5) Supervision over design, construction, and cost. The county
25	highway committee and the town board shall have full charge of design, sizing,

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letting, inspecting, and accepting the work construction or repair, but the town board
may leave the matter entirely in the hands of the county highway committee. The
county highway committee and the town board must agree on the cost of the project
 and must consult each other during construction.

SECTION 145. 81.38 (5) of the statutes is renumbered 82.08 (6) and amended to read:

82.08 (6) CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS. No county order may be drawn under sub. (1) (2) for the construction of an arch, eulvert or bridge unless it is constructed in a workmanlike manner and built of creosoted wood or timber, steel, stone or concrete or a combination thereof, and the design and construction comply with requirements under s. 84.01 (23).

SECTION 146. 81.38 (6) of the statutes is renumbered 61.48 and amended to read:

Any village, by a resolution adopted by a two—thirds majority vote of all members of the village board, may elect to become subject to all of the provisions of this section. Such s. 82.08 by a resolution adopted by a two—thirds majority vote of all of the members of the village board. The election to become subject to s. 82.08 shall be effective when a certified copy of such the resolution is filed with the county board and approved by a majority of the towns and villages in the county that are already subject to s. 82.08 vote of the members of the county board representing towns and representing villages which have become subject to the provisions of this section as provided in this subsection; and thereafter, until such to approve the village's election. Until the village ceases to be subject to the provisions of this section s. 82.08, the words "town" and "town board" as used in this section s. 82.08 shall also apply

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respectively to such to the village and its village board. A village which that has become subject to the provisions of this section as provided in this subsection s. 82.08 may cease to be subject to such provisions only that section by the adoption of a resolution and its approval by the county board in the same manner and by the same procedure by which a as the village may become became subject to such provisions as provided in this subsection that section.

Note: Section 61.48 is based current s. 81.38 (6) Since it concerns villages, the special committee decided was more appropriately placed in ch. 61. New s. 61.48 changes how the election to be subject to the provisions of new s. 82.08 is approved. The current language in s. 81.38 requires approval "...by a majority vote of the members of the county board representing towns and villages that have become subject to this section". Since the members of the county board no longer represent towns and villages in that manner, new s. 61.48 requires a vote of the majority of the towns and villages that are already subject to s. 82.08.

****Note: Under this provision, the election becomes effective when a majority of all towns and villages (taken together) vote to approve the election. I assume this is your intent. If you want to require approval of a majority of towns, and a majority of villages, then the language would need to be slightly modified.

****NOTE: See also s. 81.38 (1), renumbered 82.08 (1), 2nd to last sentence in new s 82.08 (2) (b), which has similar text regarding the required vote; but it does not specify that the "vote" be an "affirmative majority" but only that a "majority" of the towns vote. Should this read, i.e., "the affirmative vote"?

SECTION 147. 81.38 (7) of the statutes is renumbered 82.08 (7) and amended to read:

82.08 (7) No TAX. Except as provided in sub. (6) and s. ss. 61.48 and 84.14 (3), nothing herein contained in this section shall authorize the levy of a tax upon the property in any city or village which that is required to maintain its own bridges.

Note: Section 82.08 is based on the country and to be granted. The special committee had a number of discussions about whether the country should be involved in projects that are very small, and about the fact that some counties currently put a minimum size requirement on the bridges and culverts that they fund.

The new s. 80.28 (2) limits the funding requirements to bridges or culverts with a span of 36 inches or greater. However, counties that had a greater size requirement in place on January 1, 2003 can continue to abide by that policy. In addition, the size limit can be raised, but not lowered, by the vote of the majority of towns in the county. Current s. 81.38 also seemed to require the town to apply to the county for aid. That has been changed so that a town "may" apply for aid. Finally, the new sub. (2) requires the tax that the county levies to be held in a separate account.

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New sub. (3) changes the way projects are funded. The current law requires the town to pay for the first \$750, the county to pay for the second \$750, and the town and county to split amounts in excess of \$1,500. The new sub. (3) requires a straight 50% split. New sub. (5) adds the requirement that the town and county mutually agree on

costs and consult with each other during construction,

New sub. (6) does not carry over the language from current s. 82.38 (5) that specified what materials the culvert or bridge should be made of. The special committee decided that the list was unnecessary and that some of the listed materials were outdated

New sub. (8) allows the county to charge the towns an administration charge.

1 **Section 148.** 81.39 of the statutes is repealed.

2 SECTION 149. 81.42 (title) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 150. 81.42 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 82.03 (8) and amended 3 4 to read:

82.03 (8) Use of dams as roadways. The town board may contract with the owner of any a dam with that has a roadway thereon on it for the use of such the roadway for highway purposes for such period of time as the board may determine. The contract shall provide that who shall be responsible for keeping the roadway shall at all times be kept in repair by the owner and may be for a period of time that the board determines.

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Note: News. 82.03 (1) through (8) are based on current ss. 81.01, 81.06, 81.42 (1), and the first 4 septences of \$ 81.02. The special committee decided that the following language from s. 81.01, which concerns the duties of the town board, was uphecessary and did not carry it over into this bill:

... (5) Erect and repair guideboards where deemed necessary on main traveled

(6) Assess the highway taxes in their town in each year.

(7) Expend for highway purposes so much of the income taxes of the town as the board shall deem best....

(9) Designate highways that shall be known as dragged roads, and divide the same into sections, and to appoint draggers for each section whose duty it shall be to drag that section under the direction of the town board, or to contract to have any section dragged, and fix the compensation therefor, preference to be given to occupants of lands abutting such road."

In new s. 82.03 (1), language was included to state that the superintendent of highways could be a member of the town board. Current s. 60.37 (4) (a) already authorizes this.

In new s. 82.03 (2) (b), the ballot language has been changed. The change in the wording of the ballot makes the ballot include the actual amount that the town is already authorized to spend. Current law seems to only require a statement of the means by which the dollar limit is arrived at. The list of materials in current s. 81.06 has been added to new s. 82.03 (2).

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The new s. 82.03 (5) is based on current s. 81.01 (3) and the first one—third of current s. 81.06. It gives the supervisors the additional authority to enter private land in order to erect fences on the right—of—way. The new sub. (6) makes it clear that the town will be responsible for any resulting damages.

Current s. 81.02 requires the superintendent to file a bond before assuming office. The special committee discussed this requirement and concluded that town boards rarely require such bonds. As a result, s. 82.03 (1) gives the board discretion over whether to require a bond. Current s. 81.02 per specifies what fund the superintendent may be paid from. The special committee discussed this requirement and decided it should be left to the town board's discretion.

The language of current s. 81.42 (1) requires the contract to provide that the owner of the dam keep the roadway in repair at all times. New s. 82.03 (8) changes this language to require only that the contract specify who shall keep the road in repair.

New s. 82.03 (9) through (18) are simply cross—references to sections outside of this chapter. They have been added to create a more comprehensive list of the duties of the town board in relation to the highways under its jurisdiction.

New s. 82.03 (19) is based on the last sentence of current s. 81.35. No substantive change is intended.

SECTION 151. 81.42 (2) of the statutes is renumbered 82.09 and amended to read:

82.09 County aid for dams used for bridges. Whenever any A town board shall may file its a petition with the county board, setting forth the fact that said stating that the town board has voted to acquire the right to use any such a roadway, designating as near as may be the location of such dam and roadway, and stating on a dam. The petition shall contain a legal description and scale map of the dam and roadway, and shall state the amount agreed to be paid to the owner for the use thereof of the roadway. Upon receipt of a petition, the county board shall appropriate a sum equal to one—half 50 percent of the amount so agreed to be paid for such the use, and. The county board shall, on the order of the chairperson of the county board and county clerk, cause such sum to be paid to the treasurer of said the town on the order of the chairperson of the county board shall notify them notifies the county highway commissioner that a contract for the use of such the roadway has been executed.

NOTE: Section 82:09 is based on entrents. 81-42 (2). The contents of the petition have been changed. The original language required the petition to designate "as near as

may be" the location of the dam and roadway. New s. 82.09 requires a legal description and scale map.

1	SECTION 152. Chapter 82 (title) of the statutes is created to read:
2	CHAPTER 82
3	TOWN HIGHWAYS
4	SECTION 153. Subchapter I (title) of chapter 82 [precedes 82.01] of the statutes
5	is created to read:
6	CHAPTER 82
7	SUBCHAPTER I
8	FUNDING AND GOVERNANCE
9	SECTION 154. 82.01 (intro.), (1) to (7) and (9) to (11) of the statutes are created
10	to read:
11	82.01 Definitions. (intro.) In this chapter, the following words and phrases
12	have the designated meanings unless specifically noted:
13	(1) "Department" means the department of transportation.
14	(2) "Freeholder" means a person who owns a fee simple or life estate interest
15	in land, a person who is a land contract vendee, or a person who has an interest in
16	land arising under ch. 766.
17	(3) "Highway order" means an order laying out, altering, or discontinuing a
18	highway or a part of a highway, that contains a legal description of what the order
19	intends to accomplish and a scale map of the land affected by the order.
20	(4) "Laid out" means any formal act or process by which a municipality
21	determines the location of a highway.
22	(5) "Legal description" means a complete description of land without internal
23	references to any other document, and shall be described in one of the following ways:

1	(a) By metes and bounds commencing at a monument at the section or quarter
2	section corner or at the end of a boundary line of a recorded private claim or federal
3	reservation in which the annexed land is located and in one of the following ways:
4	1. By government lot.
5	2. By recorded private claim.
6	3. By quarter section, section, township, and range.
7	(b) If the land is located in a recorded and filed subdivision or in an area that
8	is subject to a certified survey map, by reference as described in s. 236.28 or 236.34
9	(3).
10	(6) "Municipality" means a city, village, or town.
11	(7) "Opened" means the completion of work on a highway that places the
12	highway in a condition ready for public use.
13	(9) "Town line highway" means a highway that runs on or across the boundary
14	line between a town and another town, a village, or a city.
15	(10) "Unrecorded highway" means a highway that is not a recorded highway.
16	(11) "Worked" means action of the town in regularly maintaining a highway
17	for public use, including hauling gravel, grading, clearing or plowing, and any other
18	maintenance by or on behalf of the town on the road.
	Note thave added a definition for "department"
19	SECTION 155. 82.03 (1) (title) of the statutes is created to read:
20	82.03 (1) (title) Oversight of highways, superintendent of highways.
21	SECTION 156. 82.03 (1) (c), (5) (title) and (c), (6) and (9) to (19) of the statutes
22	are created to read:
23	82.03 (1) (c) The town board shall fix the compensation and may require and
24	set the amount of a bond of the superintendent. The town board may roimburge the

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1	superintendent for expenses incurred in performing his or her duties as
2	superintendent.
3	(5) (title) Maintenance. (c) To erect on the right-of-way fences other than
4	snow fences.
5	(6) LIABILITY. The town shall be responsible for any damage resulting from
6	activities undertaken under the authority granted by sub. (5).
7	(9) RUSTIC ROADS. As specified in s. 83.42, the town board shall maintain the
8	rustic roads under its jurisdiction and may apply to have a highway designated as
9	a rustic road or withdrawn from the rustic road system.
10	(10) ADDITIONS TO AND DELETIONS FROM COUNTY TRUNK HIGHWAY SYSTEM. The town
11	board shall approve or deny additions to and deletions from the county trunk
12	highway system as provided in s. 83.025 (1).
13	(11) EMERGENCY CLOSURE OF COUNTY TRUNK HIGHWAY. The town chairperson may
14	close county trunk highways when they have been rendered dangerous for travel and
15	immediately notify the county highway commissioner under s. 83.09.
16	(12) CONTROLLED-ACCESS HIGHWAYS. The town board shall work with the county
17	and other governmental bodies in establishing and maintaining controlled-access
18	highways under s. 83.027.
19	(13) COUNTY-CONTROLLED HIGHWAYS IN A TOWN. The town board may contract
20	under s. 83.035 with the county to enable the county to construct and maintain
21	streets and highways in the town.
22	(14) PURCHASE OF EQUIPMENT. The town board may purchase road building and
23	maintenance supplies from the county under s. 83.018.

(15) AGREEMENTS WITH OTHER GOVERNMENTAL BODIES. The town board, under s.

83.027 (9), may enter into agreements with other governmental bodies respecting the

1	financing, planning, establishment, improvement, maintenance, use, regulation, or
2	vacation of controlled-access highways or other public ways in their respective
3 ·	jurisdictions.
4	(16) COUNTY AID HIGHWAYS. The town board may improve county aid highways
5	under s. 83.14.
6	(17) Highway Lighting. The town board may provide lighting for highways
7	located in the town under s. 60.50 (4).
8	(18) Solid waste transportation. The town board may designate highways on
9	which solid waste may be transported under s. 60.54.
10	(19) TUNNELS UNDER HIGHWAYS. The town board shall ensure that all tunnels
11	constructed pursuant to s. 82.37 are constructed in accordance with the
12	requirements of s. 82.37 and are kept in good repair by the landowner.
13	Note: λ Section 157. 82.05 (1) of the statutes is created to read:
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	82.05 (1) The term of office of highway superintendents shall be one year from
15	the date of their appointment.
16	SECTION 158. 82.05 (4) of the statutes is created to read:
17	82.05 (4) The superintendent shall routinely notify the town board of all
18	highway work.
19	SECTION 159. 82.08 (8) of the statutes is created to read:
20	82.08 (8) ADMINISTRATION CHARGE. The county may charge the towns that apply
21	for aid under this section an administration charge. The administration charge shall
22	be fixed as a percentage of the total costs of administering aid under this section and
23	the percentage shall be no more than the percentage that the county charges the
24	state for records and reports.
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1	82.12 (title) Highway order.	
2	SECTION 164. 82.14 (title), (1) and (3) of the statutes are created to read:	
3	82.14 (title) Acquiring rights to land; damages from discontinuance.	
4	(1) Unless the acquisition can be made by mutual agreement, the town board shall	
5	utilize the procedures under s. 32.05 to acquire rights to land for the purpose of laying	
6	out or altering a town highway.	
7	(3) An owner of property abutting on a discontinued highway whose property	
⁸ 、	is damaged by the discontinuance may recover damages as provided in ch. 32.	
9	SECTION 165. 82.15 of the statutes is created to read:	
10	82.15 Appeal of a highway order. Any person aggrieved by a highway order,	
11	or a refusal to issue such an order, may seek judicial review under s. 68.13. If the	
12	highway is on the line between 2 counties, the appeal may be in the circuit court of	
13	either county.	
	Note: Section 82.15 is based on current s. 80.17. Current s. 80.17 states that the failure to act on an application within 60 days shall be deemed a refusal. The special committee decided that the town board should have to consider the application and affirmatively make a decision. New s. 82.12 creates a 90-day timeline for the board to act, and the failure to act shall not be deemed a refusal.	
14	SECTION 166. 82.16 (3) of the statutes is created to read:	
15	82.16 (3) It shall be presumed that a release was given by the owners of the	
16	lands over which the highway was laid out and the public shall be entitled to use the	
17	full width of the highway, as laid out, without further compensation if all of the	
18	following apply:	
19	(a) An order laying out the highway has been filed for more than 30 years.	
20	(b) No award of damages or agreement or release has been filed.	
21	(c) The highway, or a part of the highway, has been used by the public and public	

money has been expended on the highway for at least 5 years.

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1	SECTION 167. 82.19 (2) (b) 1. of the statutes is created to read:
2	82.19 (2) (b) 1. In this paragraph, "vehicular travel" means travel using any
3	motor vehicle required to be registered under ch. 341 or exempt from registration
4	under s. 341.05.
5	SECTION 168. Subchapter III (title) of chapter 82 [precedes 82.21] of the
6	statutes is created to read:
7	CHAPTER 82
8	SUBCHAPTER III
9	SPECIAL PROCEDURES
10	SECTION 169. 82.21 (1) (a) and (b), (4) (title) and (5) (title) of the statutes are
11	created to read:
12	82.21 (1) (a) Six resident freeholders of the town, city, or village deliver an
13	application to lay out, alter, or discontinue a town line highway to the clerk of every
14	town, city, or village that would be affected by the proposal.
15	(b) The town board, city council, or village board introduces a resolution to lay
16	out, alter, or discontinue a town line highway.
17	(4) (title) Apportionment of authority and responsibility.
18	(5) (title) APPEAL OF APPORTIONMENT.
19	SECTION 170. 82.27 (title), (1), (5) (c) and (d), (9) and (10) of the statutes are
20	created to read:
21	82.27 (title) Landlocked property and property with insufficient
22	highway access. (1) Definition. In this section, "advantages" means the greater
23	of the following:
24	(a) The increase in value of the landlocked property after the highway is laid
25	out or the way or road is widened.

1	(b) The administrative costs under sub. (5), and the estimated cost of
2	constructing or widening the highway, including both the cost of constructing a
3	turnaround, if one is necessary, and the damages paid to the owner of the land over
4	which the highway is laid out. or the way or road is widened
5	(5) (c) Administrative costs such as clerical costs and publication costs.
6	(d) If special meetings are held only for the purpose of considering the
7	application, per diem compensation for the supervisors.
8	(9) LIMIT ON APPLICATIONS. The determination to deny an application under this
9	section shall be final for the term of 3 years. No application to lay out a highway to
10	the same property shall be considered within 3 years from the date of the refusal.
11	(10) HIGHWAY TO REMAIN PUBLIC FOR AT LEAST 2 YEARS. A highway laid out under
12	this section shall be a public road and shall remain and be maintained as a public
13	road for at least 2 years from the date of the order.
14) 15	SECTION 171. Subchapter IV (title) of chapter 82 [precedes 82.31] of the
15	statutes is created to read:
16	CHAPTER 82
17	SUBCHAPTER IV
18	EXISTING HIGHWAYS
19	SECTION 172. 82.35 (1) (intro.) of the statutes is created to read:
20	82.35 (1) (intro.) The town board, upon its own motion, may lay out and open
21	temporary highways through any lands in the following situations:
22	SECTION 173. 83.015 (2) (b) of the statutes is amended to read:
23	83.015 (2) (b) In any county with a highway commissioner appointed under s.
24	83.01 (1) (b) or (c), the county highway committee shall be only a policy-making body
25	determining the broad outlines and principles governing administration and the

county highway commissioner shall have the administrative powers and duties prescribed for the county highway committee under par. (a), sub. (3) (a) and ss. 27.065 (4) (b) and (13), 32.05 (1) (a), 81.38 (1), (3) and (4), 82.08, 83.01 (6), 83.013, 83.018, 83.025 (1) and (3), 83.026, 83.035, 83.04, 83.05 (1), 83.07 to 83.09, 83.12, 83.14 (6), 83.17, 83.18, 83.42 (3) and (4), 84.01 (5), 84.06 (3), 84.07 (1) and (2), 84.09 (1), (3) (a) to (c) and (4), 84.10 (1), 86.04 (1) and (2), 86.07 (2), 86.19 (3), 86.34 (1), 114.33 (5), 349.07 (2), 349.11 (4) and (10) and 349.15 (2). No statutory power, duty or function specified elsewhere for the county highway commissioner may be deemed impliedly repealed for the sole reason that reference to it has been omitted in this paragraph.

SECTION 174. 83.09 of the statutes is amended to read:

83.09 Emergency repairs of county trunk highways. Whenever a flood or other casualty renders any county trunk highway dangerous for travel, the town chairperson shall may immediately close it and notify the county highway commissioner thereof, and the commissioner shall promptly make repairs necessary to render the highway safe for travel. If sufficient funds are not available in the county maintenance fund, the commissioner may, with the consent of the chairperson of the county board or of the county highway committee, make the necessary repairs, and the cost thereof shall be paid as soon as funds are available.

NOTE: In the course of discussing a cross—reference to current s. 83.09, the special committee discussed that section's use of mandatory language. The special committee concluded that it should be changed to "may". The special committee members had concerns about the mandatory language breeding litigation and about the town using this authority unnecessarily.

SECTION 175. 83.18 (1) (title) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 176. 83.18 (1) of the statutes is renumbered 83.18 and amended to read:

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83.18 Entry on lands. For constructing or maintaining any highway by the		
county, the county highway committee or commissioner shall possess all of the		
powers to acquire and enter lands conferred upon town boards by s. 81.06 82.03 (2)		
and (5).		

Note: This fill deletes current s. 88.18 (2). That section referred to appeal procedures in current chs. 80 and 21 that the special committee deleted.

SECTION 177. 83.18 (2) of the statutes is repealed.

SECTION 178. 83.19 of the statutes is amended to read:

83.19 Temporary highways and detours. When any highway which is maintained or to be maintained by the county shall be practically impassable or be dangerous to travel or when it shall be deemed necessary on account of construction or repair work thereon or for other reasons to suspend travel upon any part of such highway, the county highway commissioner may lay out and open temporary highways for the accommodation of public travel through any lands, and the county highway commissioner shall possess the powers conferred by s. 81.08 82.35 upon town boards. Said powers shall be exercised by the county highway commissioner in like manner and the procedure shall be the same except that the contract and orders and claim for damages and other papers relating to the matter shall be filed with the county clerk, and claims for damages shall be acted upon by the county board in the manner provided by s. 893.80.

SECTION 179. 84.02 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

84.02 (1) Designation. The system of highways known as the trunk highway system heretofore selected and laid out by the legislature and by the highway commission and by special legislative state trunk highway committees and approved by said highway commission and as revised, altered and changed by and under

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authority vested by law in the highway commission, is hereby validated and confirmed and designated the state trunk highway system but without prejudice to the exercise of the power given to change such system, and all acts by which parts of said system were heretofore adopted or declared to be trunk highways are confirmed and validated. Section 80.32 82.19 (2) does not apply to the state trunk highway system.

SECTION 180. 84.07 (1) of the statutes is amended to read:

84.07 (1) State expense; when done by county or municipality. The state trunk highway system shall be maintained by the state at state expense. The department shall prescribe by rule specifications for such maintenance and may contract with any county highway committee or municipality to have all or certain parts of the work of maintaining the state trunk highways within or beyond the limits of the county or municipality, including interstate bridges, performed by the county or municipality, and any county or municipality may enter into such contract. General maintenance activities include the application of protective coatings, the removal and control of snow, the removal, treatment and sanding of ice, interim repair of highway surfaces and adjacent structures, and all other operations, activities and processes required on a continuing basis for the preservation of the highways on the state trunk system, and including the care and protection of trees and other roadside vegetation and suitable planting to prevent soil erosion or to beautify highways pursuant to s. 80.01 (3) 66.1037, and all measures deemed necessary to provide adequate traffic service. Special maintenance activities include the restoration, reinforcement, complete repair or other activities which the department deems are necessary on an individual basis for specified portions of the state trunk system. Maintenance activities also include the installation, replacement, rehabilitation, or

1	maintenance of highway signs, traffic control signals, highway lighting, pavement		
2	markings, and intelligent transportation systems. The department may contract		
3	with a private entity for services or materials or both associated with the installation,		
4	replacement, rehabilitation, or maintenance of highway signs, traffic control signals,		
5	highway lighting, pavement markings, and intelligent transportation systems.		
6	SECTION 181. 84.14 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:		
7	84.14 (3) Participation in town bridge construction. Whenever any		
8	municipality has participated in the cost of the construction, reconstruction, or		
9	purchase of a bridge under s. 84.11 or 84.12, the property in such municipality shall		
10	thereafter be subject to taxation by the county for the construction and repair of		
11	bridges within the county under s. 81.38 82.08 .		
12	SECTION 182. 86.26 of the statutes is renumbered 82.50.		
13	SECTION 183. 86.265 of the statutes is renumbered 82.51.		
14	SECTION 184. 86.266 of the statutes is renumbered 82.52.		
15	SECTION 185. 86.315 (3) of the statutes is amended to read:		
16	86.315 (3) County forest roads must meet the minimum design standards		
17	under s. 86.26×82.50 (1) (a) 2. and 3. in order to qualify for aids under this section.		
	Note: This bill renumbers the town road standards, which are currently in ch. 86, and moves them into ch. 82. This section merely changes the cross-reference to reflect that move.		
18	SECTION 186. 236.16 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:		
19	236.16 (2) MINIMUM STREET WIDTH. All streets shall be of the width specified on		
20	the master plan or official map or of a width at least as great as that of the existing		
21	streets if there is no master plan or official map, but no full street shall be less than		
22	60 feet wide unless otherwise permitted by local ordinance. Widths of town roads		

platted after January 1, 1966, shall, however, comply with minimum standards for

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- town roads prescribed by s. 86.26 82.50. Streets or frontage roads auxiliary to and
- 2 located on the side of a full street for service to the abutting property may not after
- 3 January 1, 1966, be less than 49.5 feet wide.

Note: This bill renumbers the town road standards which are currently in ch. 86, and moves them into ch. 82. This section merely changes the cross—reference to reflect that move.

- **Section 187.** 756.04 (2) of the statutes is amended to read:
- 5 756.04 (2) Jurors for all circuit courts, except jurors under ch. 80, shall be selected under ss. 756.04 to 756.07.

Note: This bill eliminates all of the provisions in chs. 80 and 81 that concern the selection of juries. Thus, no cross-reference is necessary.

SECTION 188. 893.73 (2) (c) of the statutes is repealed.

Note: The special committee decided that, for judicial economy, all challenges to the issuance of or refusal to issue a highway order should be brought in one action. This section deletes the provisions that provide for a different timeline for an action that challenges the regularity of a highway order.

- SECTION 189. 893.83 (title) of the statutes is created to read:
- 9 893.83 (title) Highway defects.
- 10 Section 190. Effective date.
 - (1) This act takes effect on January 1, 2005.

Note: The special committee decided on this effective date so that it corresponds with the publication of the new statute books.

The following chart shows where the special committee decided to move the provisions of chs. 80 and 81:

<u>Current</u>	<u>New</u>
80.01 (1)	82.01 (7)
80.01 (1m) and (2)	82.31
80.01 (3)	66.1037
80.01 (4)	66.1033, substantively changed.
80.01 (5)	66.1024, substantively changed.
80.02—first three sentences	82.10 (1) and (2), substantively changed.
80.02—third-to-last sentence	Deleted
80.02—second-to-last sentence	Deleted

Current	<u>New</u>
80.02—last sentence	66.1003 (10)
80.025	82.29
80.03	Deleted
80.04	82.11 (2), substantively changed.
80.05	82.10 (3) and (4), substantively changed.
80.06	82.11 (1), substantively changed.
80.07 (1)—first four sentences	82.12 (1) and (2), substantively changed.
80.07 (1)—last sentence	82.16 (3)
80.07 (2)	82.12 (2)
80.08	82.18, substantively changed.
80.09	Deleted
80.10	Deleted
80.11 (1) through (3), and (5) through (6)	82.21, substantively changed.
80.11 (4)	Deleted
80.11 (7) and (8) (a)	82.23
80.11 (8) (b)	Deleted
80.12 (1), (2), (3) and (5)	82.21, substantively changed.
80.12 (4)	Deleted
80.125	82.28
80.13	82.27, substantively changed.
80.14	82.27
80.15	82.27 (8)
80.16all but second-to-last sentence	82.13
80.16second-to-last sentence	66.1003 (10)
80.17	82.15, substantively changed.
80.22	82.12 (3)
80.23	82.20, substantively changed.
80.24	Deleted
80.25	Deleted
80.26	Deleted

Current	New
80.27	Deleted
80.28	Deleted
80.29	Deleted
80.30	Deleted
80.31 (1) and (2)	Deleted
80.31 (3)	82.14 (2), substantively changed.
80.32 (1)	82.19 (1)
80.32 (2)	82.19 (2)
80.32 (3) and (4)	66.1005
80.33	82.17
80.34	82.16, substantively changed.
80.35	Deleted
80.37	82.33
80.38	Deleted
80.39	Deleted
80.40	Deleted
80.41	66.1006
80.47	66.1035
80.48	Deleted
80.64	66.1031
80.65	Deleted
81.01	82.03, substantively changed.
81.02—first three sentences	82.03 (1), substantively changed.
81.02fourth sentence	82.05 (1)
81.02—everything except the first four sentences	Deleted
81.03	82.05 (2) to (4), substantively changed.
81.04	Deleted
81.05	Deleted
81.06 (first 1/3)	82.03 (5)
81.06 (second 2/3)	82.03 (2)
81.07	Deleted
81.08	82.35, substantively changed.

Current	<u>New</u>
81.11 (5)	82.25, substantively changed.
81.11 (1) through (4)	Deleted
81.12	Deleted
81.14 (1), (2) and (4)	66.1029, substantively changed.
81.14 (3)	Deleted
81.15	893.83 (1)
81.17	893.83 (2)
81.35all but last sentence	82.37
81.35last sentence	82.03 (19)
81.36	Deleted
81.38 (1) through (5)	82.08, substantively changed.
81.38 (6)	61.48, substantively changed.
81.39	Deleted
81.42 (1)	82.03 (13)
81.42 (2)	82.09, substantively changed.

2003–2004 DRAFTING INSERT FROM THE LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU

LRB-2811/P5ins ARG:...:

INSERT 6-5:

SECTION 1. 60.10 (1) (d) of the statutes is repealed.

Note: The committee repealed s. 81.05 because the committee believed that it was no longer used by towns.

INSERT 46-15: V

Note: The special committee decided that s. 81.01 (5, (6), (7), and (9) were obsolete.

INSERT 49-5: √

Note: The special committee repealed s. 81.05 because it believed that it was no longer used by towns.

INSERT 69-22: 🗸

NOTE: New s. 82.16 (3) is based on the last sentence of current s. 80.07. No substantive change is intended.

STATE OF WISCONSIN - LEGISLATIVE REFERENCE BUREAU - LEGAL SECTION (608-266-3561)

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